Note	The Bioer Co. reserves the right to modify this manual at any time without
11000.	notice.

Patent materials are included in this manual. All rights reserved. No part of this manual shall be photocopied, reproduced, or translated into other languages, without written permission from the Bioer Co.

Please read this manual carefully before the Thermal Cycler is first operated !

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Important Note

1. CONVENTIONS

Note:	Because of the important information in this column, please read it carefully. Failure to follow the advice in this column will possibly result in damage or malfunctioning of the Thermal Cycler.
Warning!	This symbol means that you should be cautious to take an operation/procedure. Failure to follow the requirements in this column will possibly result in personal injury.

2. SAFETY

During the operation, maintenance, or repair of the Thermal Cycler, the following safety measures should be taken. Otherwise, the guard provided by the Thermal Cycler is likely to be damaged, the rated safety level to be reduced, and the rated operation conditions to be affected.

The Bioer Co. shall not be in any way responsible for the consequences resulted from buyer's not observing the following requirements.

Note: The Thermal Cycler, complying with the National Standard GB9706.1, is a general instrument of Type B, Class I. It is intended for indoor use.

a) Grounding Considerations

A.C. power's grounding should be reliable for fear of an electric shock. The 3-pin plug with the Thermal Cycler's power line is a safety device that should be matched with a grounded socket. Never let the third ground pin floating. If the 3-pin plug cannot be inserted, it is recommended to ask an electrician to install an appropriate power socket.

b) Keep Away from Electric Circuits

The operator is not allowed to open the Thermal Cycler. Changing components or adjusting certain parameters inside the device must only be accomplished by the certificated professional maintenance personnel. Do not change elements while the power is still on.

c) A.C. Power Considerations

Before turn on the power, always check if the mains voltage is within the required A.C. 100-240V and if the current rating of the power socket meet the required specification, i.e. 600VA.

d) A.C. Power Line Considerations

As an accessory of the Thermal Cycler, the A.C. power line should be a default one. If it is damaged, the A.C. power line may not be repaired, but it must be replaced with a new one. The power line should be free of heavy objects during the Thermal Cycler's operation. Keep the power line away from the place where people gather regularly.

e) Connect the A.C. Power Line

While connect or disconnect the power line, you should hold the 3-pin plug with your hand. Insert the plug thoroughly to ensure good contact between the plug and socket. Pull the plug, not the line, when you need to disconnect to the mains.

f) **Design Environments**

The Thermal Cycler should be placed in a low-humidity, dust-free, and good-ventilation room without caustic gas or powerful magnetic interference. In addition, water sources, such as pools and water pipes, should be separated a distance from the Thermal Cycler.

Never cover or obstruct the openings of the Thermal Cycler, which are designed for ventilation and to prevent the device's interior from being too hot. When a single device is running, the shortest distance between its openings and the nearest object is 25cm; otherwise, when two devices or above are running at the same time, the shortest distance is 40 cm. Do not place the device on a soft surface, because that will result in adverse ventilation near the device's bottom openings.

Too high temperature will lead to degraded performance or failure of the Thermal Cycler. Therefore, the device should be protected against any kind of heat sources like sunlight, ovens, or central heating equipment.

If the Thermal Cycler is set aside for a long time, it is recommended to disconnect the power line to mains and cover the device with a piece of soft cloth or plastic to prevent dust from entering.

Note:	Once one of the following events occurs, you are suggested to disconnect the power line with mains, and contact the distributor or ask a certificated maintenance worker for help.
	 Liquid into the device; The device sprinkled or drenched;
	• The device malfunctioning, giving off abnormal sound or odor;
	• The device falling onto the floor or its shell damaged;
	• Significant changes in the device's performance.

3. LABELS

a) Tablet

BIOER TECHNO	DLOGY CO.,LTD.
Name: Thermal Cycler Power: 220-240V~ 600W 50/6	Model: TC-48/T/H(a) 0Hz
Fuse: AC250V 8A (ϕ 5×20)	Sort: I-B-N
SN: BYQ6055E-***	
Date: ****.**	Made in China

b) Warning Sign

	! Mot Surface	DE!
Warning!	There are two warning signs read '	'. The metal part near those
	signs (on the block and hotlid) is not allow body for fear of the body burn, during the period after the program execution!	ved to be touched by any part of the program execution and in the short

4. MAINTENANCE

The conical holes over the block should be cleaned regularly with soaked cotton swab. That ensures sufficient contact and thus good heat conduction between each conical hole and the tube inside it. In case it is smeared, the surface of the Thermal Cycler may be scrubbed with a piece of dehydrated soft wet cloth.

Warning!	During surface cleaning, the power must be off.
	Corrosive scour is not allowed to clean the surface.

5. WARRANTY AND SERVICE INFORMATION

a) Warranty

The Thermal Cycler is warranted for a period of one month, from date of shipment from the company, to be free from defects in material and workmanship. The Bioer Co. shall be obligated, under this warranty, to exchange the Thermal Cycler which proves to be defective as described herein.

The Thermal Cycler is also warranted for a period of eighteen months, from date of shipment from the company, to be free from defects in material and workmanship. The Bioer Co.'s obligation under this warranty shall be limited to repair or exchange (at the Bioer Co.'s option) of the Thermal Cycler which proves to be defective as described herein.

The buyer is responsible for freight to the maintenance shop designated by the Bioer Co. on all warranty claims. The buyer is also responsible for the transportation expenses of the freight to the maintenance shop. The Bioer Co. shall be responsible for the transportation expenses of the freight to the buyer (which is only applicable to domestic buyers).

After the warranty comes due, the Bioer Co. reserves the right to charge cost price for maintenance of a defective device.

b) Warranty Terms

The above warranty is not applicable to defective devices with incorrect use, abnormal operating conditions, improper application, and unauthorized maintenance or alteration.

The Bioer Co. makes no express warranties other than those which are described herein. Any descriptions in sales promotion under specific conditions shall not create an express warranty that the goods shall conform to such description.

c) After-sell services hotline:0086-571-87774558

Note:	Once it is opened, the package should check according to the checklist. If the buyer finds any items to be missing or damaged, do not hesitate to contact the distributor.
	After the acceptance check is passed, the buyer should fill out the check form and send its photocopy (or fax it) to the distributor. The Bioer Co. establishes the archives and maintenance record with the returned form.
	Please store the package and packing materials in a safe place in case of future device maintenance. The above warranty does not extend to goods damaged as result of cheesy package.

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CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

This chapter briefly introduces PCR technique and its applications, PCR thermal cyclers, and the characteristics of our Life Express Thermal Cycler.

1 PCR Technique

PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction), or cell-free molecule cloning, is a technique for amplifying nucleic acids in vitro, emulating natural DNA replication process. The PCR technique, using two DNA strands to be amplified as template, and a pair of synthetic oligonucleotides as primers, rapidly reproduces the specific DNA pieces under the catalysis of a thermostable DNA polymerase. Because of its simplicity, rapidity, specificity, and sensitivity, PCR has been widely applied to all fields of life sciences since its invention by Mullis in 1983 and the discovery of the thermostable DNA polymerase by Erlich in 1989. Great achievements have been obtained in PCR's applications in such areas as cytology, virology, oncology, genetics, forensics, and immunology. PCR technology is a milestone in the history of modern molecular biology.

2 PCR Applications

Gene cloning, DNA sequencing, mutation analysis, gene recombination and mutagenesis, identification and adjustment of DNA sequence of protein structure, detection of gene extension, construction of synthetic genes, construction of cloning and expression carrier, detection of polymorphism of a gene's inscribed enzyme;

Bacteria(spirochaeta, rickettsia, diphtheria bacillus, colon bacillus, dysentery bacillus, and clostridium); Virus(HTLV, HIV, HBV, HCV, HPVS, EV, CMV, EBV, HSV, measles virus, rotiform virus, B19 virus, and Lhasa virus); Parasite(malaria); Human hereditary diseases(Lesh-Nyhan syndrome, hemophilia,BMD, and DMD);

HLA locus typing, qualitative analysis of T-cell receptor or antibody diversification, immune body gene mapping, quantitative analysis of lymph genes;

Identification of DNA markers using discrete repetitive ; Sequence, construction of a genetic linkage map(detection of DNA, polymorphism, or semen mapping); Construction of a physical map, sequencing, and map expression; Specimen analysis in the venue, and HLA-Dq α locus typing;

Pancreas cancer, rectum cancer, lung cancer, thyroid gland cancer, melanin cancer, and leukemia;

Genetic species research, evolution research, animal protection research, ecology, environmental sciences, and experimental genetics;

Specimen analysis in archeology and museum;

Diagnosis of animal hereditary diseases and detection of plant pathogeny.

3 PCR Thermal Cyclers

A PCR thermal cycler is a key device throughout the PCR experiment. Its performance determines the accuracy of the experimental results. Its parameters, such as temperature keeping and temperature ramp rate, play an extremely important role in DNA denaturation, annealing and extension.

Chief Specifications of a PCR Thermal Cycler:

The bias between display temperature and practical temperature, directly affects the quality of DNA annealing, elongation, and denaturation, and should be reduced to an accepted level;

Higher cooling/heating rate can greatly decrease the experimental time and maintain the enzyme's activity;

Excellent temperature uniformity guarantees consistent amplification conditions for the same batch of reaction samples and then avoids false positive or negative of the results caused by mismatched operating conditions;

Higher temperature control accuracy ensures temperature stability during the PCR amplification reaction, and therefore increase the reliability of the experimental results;

More intelligent thermal cycler means less labor intensity for test personnel and ensures the whole PCR reaction to be accomplished successfully.

Common PCR Thermal Cyclers:

a) Gradient Water Bath Thermal Cyclers

A gradient water bath thermal cycler consists of three water baths operating at different temperatures. An automatic mechanical manipulator soaks the sample tube containing reactants in the three water baths cyclically, and thus finishes the three processes of denaturation, annealing and extension.

This device has high temperature control accuracy, high heating/cooling rate, and excellent temperature uniformity. However, its intelligent level is very low, and it cannot accomplish some relatively complex

PCR processes. There are other disadvantages associated with this type of thermal cycler, such as liquid evaporation in the bath, lack of the soak mode, inability of long-term operation without human interference, temperature fluctuation caused when the sample tube is put into the bath during heating/cooling process, and last but not least, the pollution issue. As a result, this kind of thermal cycler has gradually been abandoned in the market.

b) Compressor Cooling Thermal Cyclers

At the center of a compressor cooling thermal cycler is located a block made of good conduction material (aluminum or silver), over which several conical holes are distributed. Each of the conical holes has the same shape as a standard microcentrifugal tube to ensure good contact between the two. The resistance heater on the block's outside bottom is responsible for block heating, whereas the compressor takes charge of block cooling. Controlling the heater and compressor with a microcomputer completes the required heating, cooling, and temperature keeping processes.

This device has much higher intelligent level and smaller size compared to a gradient water bath thermal cycler. Nevertheless, the compressor's inertia not only limits the cooling rate (to about $1^{\circ}C/sec$), but also increases the temperature undershoot. Moreover, there exists temperature gradient over the block near the inlet and outlet of the compressor's evaporation pipe (lower temperature near the inlet area and higher temperature near the outlet area).

c) Thermoelectric Cooling Thermal Cyclers

These are the most advanced thermal cyclers by far. A thermoelectric cooling thermal cycler also has a metal block at its center (like a compressor cooling thermal cycler). A thermoelectric module closely attached to the block's outside bottom accomplishes Block heating and cooling. Not only does this device inherit such features as high intelligent level and small size from a compressor cooling thermal cycler, but it also has higher temperature control accuracy and heating/cooling rate, thanks to the module's excellent temperature response characteristics. And the temperature uniformity across the block is much better compared to a compressor cooling thermal cycler because the modules are distributed over the block's outside bottom.

During its early development, a thermoelectric module was not able to withstand rapid and frequent heating or cooling for long. With improved workmanship, this difficulty has been overcome. Current long service-life thermoelectric modules have the capability of enduring such harsh conditions in a thermal cycler. As result, thermoelectric cooling thermal cyclers have gradually dominated the market.

4 Features of the Life Express Thermal Cycler

The Life Express Thermal Cycler is a thermoelectric cooling thermal cycler. It features:

- Reliable and stable operation, because the thermoelectric module is manufactured via the U.S. ITI's thermoelectric cooling technique and the Japanese quality management model;
- High heating/cooling (heating rate ≥ 2.0 °C /sec., and cooling rate ≥ 1.5 °C /sec.), which

greatly reduces experimental time;

- Automatic temperature ramp control, which allows different heating/cooling ramp settings so that the device can emulate other thermal cycler's temperature control process;
- Automatic temperature and time increments/decrements during cycling program execution, optimizing the PCR amplification conditions;
- Automatic link among files, allowing a complex PCR amplification program to be executed;
- The soak mode at a temperature up to 4°C without human interference, after normal cycling program execution;
- Instant inspection of total execution time and remaining execution time;
- Optional heated lid, preventing the sample in a centrifugal tube from evaporation, which makes paraffin oil unnecessary and operation more convenient, and reduces the sample processing time;
- Auto-restart in case of power failure, restoring the data before interrupting and continuing to perform the previously interrupted program.

CHAPTER 2 SPECIFICATIONS

This chapter describes the Thermal Cycler's operation, transportation and storage conditions, basic parameters, performance and functions.

1 Normal Operating Conditions

Ambient temperature: 10° C ~30°CRelative humidity: $\leq 70\%$ Power supply:220-240V ~ 600W 50/60Hz

Note	Before power-on, please check if the above operating conditions are satisfied.
NUCE.	Pay special attention to the power line's reliable grounding.

2 Transportation and Storage Conditions

Ambient temperature: $-20^{\circ}C \rightarrow +55^{\circ}C$ Relative humidity: $\leq 80\%$

3 Basic Parameters

Model Parameters	TC-48/T/H(a)			
Sample Number	48			
Tube Volume (ml)	0.5			
Size (mm)	400×270×240 (L×W×H)			
Weight (kg)	7.5			
Fuse	250V 8A (Φ5×20mm)			

4 Performance

Temperature range:	4℃~99℃
Heating rate:	$\geq 3.0^{\circ}$ C/sec(max)
Cooling rate:	$\geq 2.0^{\circ} \text{C/sec(max)}$
Temperature control accuracy:	$\leq \pm 0.4$ °C
Block temperature uniformity:	$\leq \pm 0.4$ °C
Hotlid work temperature range:	$105^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$
Max. number of cycles:	99
Max. procedures within a cycle:	9
Max. temperature keeping time:	99 min. 59 sec.
Max. incubation and in situ time:	99 hour 59 min.
Programs storage:	99

5 Software Functions

File editing and saving File accessing, modifying and deleting Automatic file link Heating/cooling ramp setting Automatic temperature and time increments/decrements during cycling program execution Instantly displaying the data at each phase of program execution Pause of program execution Stop of program execution Auto-restart in case of power failure Sound alarm Estimating total program execution time and remaining program execution time Date and time (year, month, day, hour, minute, second) display and calibration Protecting the device from further damage and alarming in case of failure

Note: The above software functions are listed just as a reference. The Bioer Co. reserves the right to modify the software functions without notice.

CHAPTER 3 PREPARATIONS

This chapter introduces the Thermal Cycler's mechanical structure, the keyboard and each key's functions, and some preparations before power-on.

1 Structure Description



Note	The fuse specifications are as follows: 250V 8A, ϕ 5 × 20mm. The fuse should be
11000.	replaced with one that meets those specifications. If you need certificated fuses, please
	contact the distributor or manufacturer.

2 Keyboard Diagram

	LCI	D Displa	y		
BIOER Life Express	MENU PAUSE START		1 6 7	2 4 8	3 5 9
	STOP	ENTER	0		(+/-)

3 Key Functions



Digit key, for file parameter setting

Cursor key, moving the cursor one position to the left when pressed during file

parameter setting.

Cursor key, moving the cursor one position to the right when pressed during file parameter setting.

Cursor key, moving the cursor back to the setting position of the previous screen when pressed during file editing, listing, or to the running screen when pressed during total time and remaining time display.

Cursor key, moving the cursor to the next line or screen when pressed during file editing, listing, or to the total time and remaining time display during running.

Function key, displaying the main menu when pressed during file editing or hot lid temperature rising process.

Function key, accepting the current setting, and displaying the next screen when pressed during file parameter setting

Function key, exchanging of sign '+' and sign '-' when pressed while editing the temperature and time increments function.

Function key, displayingAbort File?
Press STOP or STARTand asking whether youwant to stop the current program when first pressed during program execution;
stop the current program and returning to the main menu when press again.

Function key, canceling the stop request when pressed following the stop key during program execution

PALISE

MENII

INTER

STOP

START

Function key, displaying Tb=55.1C Time=Pause and showing pause of the program execution, the temperature Tb (55.1 °C) and remaining time (45 sec.) in the section at the time when the program paused, and the delay (66sec.) since the program paused, when pressed during program execution; restoring program execution when pressed again; program execution automatically restored when the delay>99 sec.

4 Inspection before Power-on

Before switch the power on, please ensure that:

- 1) Supply voltage falls within the specified limits (refer to Chapter 2);
- 2) The plug has been inserted into the power socket reliably;
- 3) The grounding of the power line is reliable.

5 Power-on Procedures

Turn on the power (i.e. turn the power switch to position '1'), the Thermal Cycler will beep twice, and the LCD will display 'self test ...'. That means the device is under self-testing, which will last for about 1-2 minutes. Please wait patiently. After the self-testing is passed, the main menu is displayed, and the device is ready for operations such as editing, accessing, modifying, or deleting a PCR amplification file.

CHAPTER 4 OPERATION GUIDE

In this chapter, we will explain in detail how to edit, access, modify, delete, or execute a PCR amplification file, how to run a PCR program, how to translate the display during program execution, and how to access and calibrate the internal clock.

Warning!	Please turn off the power immediately and contact the distributor if abnormal sound or display appears after power-on, or if failure alarm and display are found in the process of the device's self-testing.
Note:	If the number of samples is less than the number of conical holes, the sample tubes should be evenly distributed over the block, ensuring that the heated lid will lies stably on the top of the sample tubes, and that both the block's load and the temperature fluctuation in each tube will be evenly distributed.
Note:	In order to guarantee that the heated lid is closely impacted on the top of the sample tubes, and that each sample tube contacts reliably with the correspondent conical hole, some pressure is needed while the lid is closing. Therefore, press the lid's flanks with your hands to ensure the lid's stable close.

Are you ready? Let's begin!

1 How to Edit a New PCR Amplification File

Entering the main menu, move the cursor to	MAIN MENU
'FILE' via the left/right cursor key, and then	KUN FILE_ CLOCK
press the 'ENTER' key.	Select ' FILE ', and
Move the cursor to 'EDIT ' via the left/right cursor key, and then press the ' ENTER ' key.	User File EDIT_LIST DELETE
	Select ' EDIT ', and

Note: If the LCD displays '**Memory Full**', which means the memory is occupied with old files, some files have to be deleted before you begin to edit a new file. Please refer to 3 in this chapter to learn how to delete an old file.

Input the pre-denaturation temperature (for example, 94° C) and time (for example, 10 min) via the left/right cursor key and digit keys, then press the '**ENTER**' key.

Input the temperature (for example, 94 $^{\circ}$ C) and time (for example, 1 min) of segment #1 (denaturation), via the left/right cursor key and digit keys, then press the '**ENTER**' key.

Input the temperature (for example, 55 °C) and time (for example, 1 min 30 sec.) of section #2 (annealing), via the left/right cursor key and digit keys, then press the '**ENTER**' key.

Input the temperature (for example, $72 \degree$ C) and time (for example, 2 min) of section #3 (extension), via the left/right cursor key and digit keys, then press the **`ENTER**' key.

PCR cycling program is usually divided into three segments. Generally segment #4 is regarded as a terminal segment, and its time setting is 0.

Sometimes, in this segment, the temperature and time can be set to non-zero value. Only in this time, segment #4 works as a part of the cycling program.

The Life Express Thermal Cycler's cycling program may include as many as nine segments.



We assume that any segment, numbered greater than or equal to 1, could be a terminal segment if its time setting is 0.

Select auto increment/decrement of temperature and time via the left/right cursor key. '**ON**' means the device will perform automatic temperature and time increment/decrement.

'**OFF**' means that this function is inactive.

Input the temperature and time increments/decrements of segment #1 via the $[\Sigma]$ key and digit keys (where '+' denotes increments; '-' denotes decrements).

For example, in segment #1, the temperature increases by $0.1 \,^{\circ}$ C, and the time increases by 1 sec.

Input the temperature and time increments/decrements of segment #2 via the 2 key and digit keys.

Input the temperature and time increments/decrements of segment #3 via the \boxdot key and digit keys.

Input the number of cycles (for example, 30), and press the '**ENTER**' key.

Input the temperature $(72^{\circ}C)$ and time (5 min) of delay via the left/right cursor key and digit keys,



and press the 'ENTER' key.

If delay is not required, the time is set to 0.

Press

Select whether it is necessary to link other saved files.



If select 'YES', the screen will display a saved

file name. Press the down cursor key, and another saved file name will be displayed. To link the file displayed, just press the '**ENTER**' key.

Note	If we want to link several new files, we must first edit the files to be linked. For example,
11000	we need to link three files A, B, and C. First, we should edit file C, and then we begin to
	edit file B. When we edit file B, we select to link the saved file C. After we link files B
	and C, we edit file A, and select to link the saved file B. Thus we link all three files A, B,
	and C.
	As a rule, after the first linked file is executed, the second linked file will be started
	automatically.

When you have edited a PCR amplification file, you are optional to execute or save it.

Move the cursor to 'STORE', and press the

'ENTER' key, the edited file will be saved.

Move the cursor to 'RUN', and press the 'ENTER'

key, the edited file will be executed (please refer

	R	End RUN	of	File Stored_	
Sele	ect	'STORE',			
and	nraaa	'ENTED'	↓ ↓		

to 4 in this chapter to learn how to run a program).

Select file name, and press 'ENTER'. Input the first character of the file name via the digit keys or the up/down cursor key, and then press the 'ENTER' key, moving the cursor one position to the right. Input the second character in the same way. The maximum character number of a file name is eight.

If the input file name has been assigned to an old file, the screen will ask whether you want to overwrite the old file. '**YES**' selection means that

the old file will be overwritten; '**NO**' is a natural

choice, if you do not want the original file to be replaced. At this time, you return to the previous screen, re-inputting the file name.

The edited file is saved.

Move cursor to 'RUN', press the 'ENTER' key,

and then the program begin to run.

Select 'MENU', or press the 'MENU' key, and

then the screen will return to the main menu.



Note: While editing a file, once the '**MENU**' key is pressed, current editing is canceled, and the screen will go to the main menu. If you want to re-edit the original file, press the key, returning from the main menu.

2 How to Access and Modify an Old PCR File

Entering the main menu, move the cursor to *FILE*' via the left/right cursor key, and press the *ENTER*' key.

Move the cursor to '*LIST*' via the left/right cursor key, and press the '**ENTER**' key.

The screen will display the saved files' names and storage dates alphabetically.

You can check each saved file's name and storage date via the up/down cursor key.

If you want to access a certain file (for example, file ABCD1234) or modify the file's certain parameters, move the cursor to the file to be accessed or modified and press the '**ENTER**' key.



The screen will display the file's contents.

If you want to modify the file, change the temperature and time, settings via the digit keys and the left/right cursor key (please Refer to 1 in this chapter for detailed description).



Note: If there is no file stored in the memory, the screen will display 'No File in Memory', when you search for old files. At this time, you can return to the main menu via the 'MENU' key.

3 How to Delete a file

Entering the main menu, move the cursor to '*FILE*' via the left/right cursor key, and press the '**ENTER**' key.

Move the cursor to '**DELETE**' via the left/right cursor key, and press the '**ENTER**' key.

The screen asks whether to delete all the saved files or to delete a single saved file.

Move the cursor to '**ALL**', press the '**ENTER**' key, and all the saved files will be ready to be deleted.

Move the cursor to '*FILE*', press the up/down cursor key, and then each saved file will be displayed one by one. To delete the required file, just press the '*ENTER*' key when it is displayed.

After the saved files to be deleted are selected,





Note: If there is no file stored in the memory, the screen will display '**No File in Memory**', when you want to delete the saved files. At this time, you can return to the main menu via the '**MENU**' key.

4 How to Run a PCR Program

Warning! There are two alarm signs read '**HOT SURFACE!**'. The metal part near those signs(on the block and heated lid) is not allowed to be touched by any part of the body for fear of the body burn, during the program execution and in the short period after the program execution!



this screen will not be displayed and the current edited file will be run.

Select the soak temperature (for example, 4° C) after the normal program execution.

If you do not need the soak mode, just set the temperature to zero.

Set the heating/cooling rate via the digit keys. The heating rate can peak 0.1° C/sec. $\sim 2.0^{\circ}$ C/sec.; The cooling rate can peak 0.1° C/sec. $\sim 1.5^{\circ}$ C/sec.

When the heat ramp or cool ramp is input as 0.0, the system will display '*.*', thus the machine will run with the maximum heating/Cooling rate.

When the heat ramp input is larger than 2.0 or the cool ramp is less than 1.5, the relative display value is 2.0 or 1.5 respectively. And the machine will run at the rate as displayed.

The screen asks whether the heated lid is to be used.

Move the cursor to 'ON', press the 'ENTER' key, the

heated lid will be adopted. Because of the heated lid, you do not need to add evaporation-proof paraffin oil into the sample in a centrifugal tube.

Move the cursor to '**OFF**', press the '**ENTER**' key, the

heated lid will not be adopted.

While the heated lid is being heated, the screen hints that you have to wait (about a few minutes) until the lid is heated to the expected temperature. The number at the top-right corner of the screen denotes the lid temperature. Once the expected temperature Soak while End Input the soak temperature. Just input 0 if you do not need this mode.

Heat Ramp=<u>2.0</u>C/Sec Cool Ramp=1.5C/Sec

Input heating/cooling rate, and press 'ENTER'.



The PCR program begin

 $(105 \ ^{\circ}C)$ is reached, the Thermal Cycler will maintain this temperature and begin normal amplification program execution.

Without the heated lid function, the Thermal Cycler will begin normal amplification program execution directly

After the normal program execution, if the soak mode is selected during the file setting, the screen will display the soak temperature setting and current values, and the delay from the start of this mode (as shown in the right figure).

If you want to stop this mode at this time, just press the '**STOP**' key. The screen will show the termination of program execution and the total execution time.

If the soak mode is not selected during the file setting (the soak temperature is set to 0), the screen will show the termination of program execution and the total execution time with two beeps after the normal program execution.

Soak	Set
Temp=04C	



Note:	It is not allow to set the heating/cooling rate to 0.0 °C/sec. If this rule is not followed, the Thermal Cycler will run the amplification program at the maximum heating/cooling rate.
Note:	During the sock mode, if the humidity is high, the block's surface may absorb moisture in the air and begin to dew because of low temperature. This is a normal phenomenon which does not affect the Thermal Cycler's normal operation. Cotton swab or absorbing paper is an effective tool to absorb the dew on the block's surface.

5 How to Translate the Display during Program Execution

Display during the Pre-degeneration Execution

- ① Currently running the pre-denaturation program;
- 2 Temperature setting, 94°C;
- ③ Time setting, 10 min.;
- ④ Current temperature, 94.1°C.
- ⑤ Remaining execution time, 5 min. 23 sec.



Display during the Cycling Program Execution

- ① Currently Segment #1;
- ② Temperature setting, 94°C;
- ③ Time setting, 1 min.;
- ④ Number of remaining cyclers, 25;
- ⑤ Current temperature, 94.1℃;
- 6 Remaining execution time, 25 sec.



Display during the delay Execution

- ① Currently running the delay;
- ② Temperature setting, 72°C;
- ③ Time setting, 5 min.;
- (4) Current temperature, 71.8° C;
- ⑤ Remaining execution time, 3 min. 15 sec.

Display during the soak mode

- ① Currently in the soak mode;
- ② Temperature setting, 4° C;
- ③ Current temperature, 4.0° C;
- ④ Execution time, 3 hours 15 min.





Display When Program Execution Is Over

- ① Execution over;
- ② Total execution time, 2 hours 35 min. Return to the main menu via the 'ENTER' key or the 'MENU' key.



Display the Total Execution Time and Remaining Execution Time



The Life Express Thermal Cycler has an internal clock. It automatically records time information during file storage and program execution so that the experimental data can be conveniently retrieved.

Time Access

Entering the main menu, move the cursor to

'CLOCK', and then press the 'ENTER' key.

The screen display current date and time. The first line denotes date (for example, August 1st, 1998).



The second line denotes time (for example,12 hours 1 min. 15 sec.).

Press 'ENTER'

Time Calibration

If the display date/time differs from current standard date/time, calibration is necessary. Press the **'ENTER'** key, and then the third digit of the 'year' flashes. You can calibrate the date/time via the cursor keys and the digit keys.

When finishing calibration, press the 'ENTER' key , press the 'MENU' key to return to the main menu.

DATE : 20	<u>0</u> 1 .08 .01
TIME : 1	2 :01:15
Press 'MENU'	
MAIN	MENU
RUN_	FILE

Note	The Thermal Cycler's internal clock is validated via the Beijing Time.		
NULE.	It is recommended that its internal clock be revalidated when the Thermal Cycler is		
	Ilist used.		

CHAPTER 5 UPGRADE OF SOFTWARE

1 Preparation before upgrade of software in instrument

①Copy Thermal Cycler upgrade software in computer

2 Copy the latest upgrade Program (*bin) in computer

③Use RS232 interface line connect COM1 interface in computer and RS232 interface in instruments

(4) Turn on instrument, record the system parameter setting value in instrument

⁽⁵⁾The instrument will back to main display and shut down for preparing to starting upgrade



computer

instrument

2 Methods of software upgrade of instrument

①Turn on instrument ,and press on" Enter" key. The instruments will be in state of prepare ,and indicating "Prepare to "in display

- ⁽²⁾Start up "upen.exe" under list of upgrade installment ,and indicating display of upgrade installment program
- ③Choose serial port available.

④Press "up loading "key, select the upgrade program in computer

⁽⁵⁾Press "start" key, the computer will upgrade software in instrument, and will indicate "Update now" in display

⁽⁶⁾After upgraded ,instrument will indicate "Upgrade finished"

⑦Shut down instrument for restarting

[®]Upgrade of software is finished



NOTE: No more notify if the version of program are upgraded, user can check our website <u>www.bioer.com.cn</u> ,and download latest version!

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Chapter 6 FAILURE ANALYSIS AND PROCESSING

In this chapter, we briefly represent possible failures, their analysis and processing.

Failure Analysis and Processing Procedures

No.	Phenomenon	Possible Cause	Processing Procedure
No display and the two beeps missed when power on		Disconnected power supply	Check power supply for correct connection
	Bad fuse	Replace it (250V 8A ϕ 5 \times 20mm)	
	missed when power on	Switch failure	Replace it
		Others	Contact distributor or manufacturer
2	The two beeps , display of 'EROO', 'ERO1', 'ERO2', or 'ERO3', and long beep alarm when power on	Bad sensor, or bad sensor connection	Contact distributor or manufacturer
3	Display of 'EROO', 'ERO1', 'ERO2', or 'ERO3', and long beep alarm during program execution	Bad sensor, or bad sensor connection	Contact distributor or manufacturer
4 Al	Abrupt change in heating speed or bad temperature control accuracy	Ventilation jam	Clear the jam
		Bad connection	Open the device, check the connectors for reliable connection
		Cooling module failure	Contact distributor or manufacturer
5	Significant change in cooling speed, or unavailable temperature below ambient one	Cooling module failure	Contact distributor or manufacturer
		Fan failed or stopped	
6	Heating and cooling terminated	Bad sensor	Contact distributor or manufacturer
		Malfunction of all cooling modules	
7 Lid cannot be heated	Bad contact between connectors	Contact distributor or manufacturer	
	Lid heater failure		
	Lid sensor failure		
8	Abnormal characters displayed	Bad contact between chip and its socket	Contact distributor or manufacturer
		Chip malfunctioning	
9	Inactive keys	Film panel malfunctioning	Contact distributor or manufacturer

Note: During warranty terms, please contact distributor or manufacturer if there is a need to open the device to analyze a failure listed in the above table.



INDEX A CONNECTION DIAGRAM

NOTES